Sure Cross® Wireless Q45RDNL Node (Remote Discrete Non-Contact Switch)

BANNER®

*more sensors, more solutions*

Datasheet

Sure Cross® Wireless Q45 Sensors combine the best of Banner's flexible Q45 sensor family with its reliable, field-proven, Sure Cross wireless architecture to solve new classes of applications limited only by the user's imagination. Containing a variety of sensor models, a radio, and internal battery supply, this product line is truly plug and play.

The Q45RDNL is a compact, industrial, battery-powered device that uses a locally installed magnet to sense the position of mechanical mechanisms. The Q45 wirelessly transmits the position to a wireless controller/gateway using a discrete input state. Configure the Q45 using internal DIP switches or the DX80 User Configuration Software.

Benefits

- Powerful device to deliver factory automation and IIoT solutions for many applications including but not limited to:
  ◦ Door position sensing
  ◦ Security - verify gate or door closure
  ◦ Safety shower operation monitoring
  ◦ Damper/valve/actuator position
  ◦ Articulating equipment position (outriggers, booms, chocks, cylinders etc.)
- Easy-to-use rugged device that can be easily mounted to equipment
- Senses the position of doors, levers, or other moving mechanicals object by proximity to the Q45
- Use with a DXM Wireless Controller to track position, count cycles, or times in different positions
- Local LED indication can be linked to proximity sensing or to other wireless inputs within the network
- Battery powered for "peel and stick" functionality with 2-year battery life capability
- **Eliminate control wires**—The Sure Cross wireless system is a radio frequency network with integrated I/O that removes the need for power and control wires
- **Reduce complexity**—Machine or process reconfiguration made easier; great for retrofit applications
- **Deploy easily**—Simplify installation on existing equipment enables deployment in remote and hard-to-access locations where implementing a wired solution would be difficult, impractical, or not cost-effective
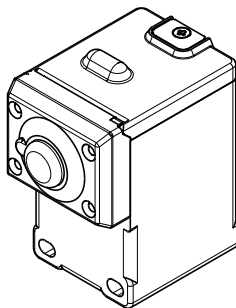
- Selectable transmit power levels of 250 mW or 1 Watt for 900 MHz models and 65 mW for 2.4 GHz models
- DIP switches for user configuration
- Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum (FHSS) technology ensures reliable data delivery
- Transceivers provide bidirectional communication between the Gateway and Node, including fully acknowledged data transmission
- Diagnostics allow user-defined output settings in the unlikely event of lost RF signal

Models

| Model	Frequency	Inputs and Outputs
DX80N9Q45RDNL-NH	900 MHz ISM Band	Inputs: One remote discrete non-contact switch
DX80N2Q45RDNL-NH	2.4 GHz ISM Band	Outputs: One four-color LED indicator light

Storage Mode

While in **storage mode**, the device's radio does not operate, to conserve the battery. To put any device into storage mode, press and hold the binding button for five seconds. The device is in storage mode when the LEDs stop blinking. To wake the device, press and hold the binding button (inside the housing on the radio board) for five seconds.

Configuration Instructions

Binding Button and LED Indicators

Figure 1. Inside the Q45
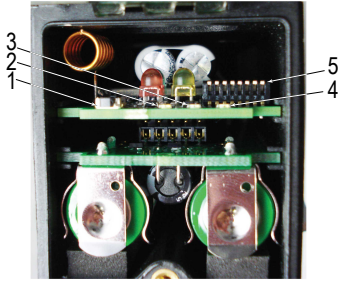
1. Binding button
2. Red LED (flashing) indicates a radio link error with the Gateway.
3. Green LED (flashing) indicates a good radio link with the Gateway.
4. Amber LED indicates when input 1 is active.
5. DIP switches

DIP Switch Settings

After making any changes to any DIP switch position, reboot the Wireless Q45 Sensor by triple-clicking the button, waiting a second, then double-clicking the button. By default, the DIP switches are in the OFF position. To turn a DIP switch on, push the switch toward the battery pack. DIP switches are numbered from left to right.

Device Settings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
900 MHz transmit power level: 1 Watt (30 dBm)	OFF*							
900 MHz transmit power level: 250 mW (24 dBm), DX80 compatibility mode	ON							
Modbus or UCT configured (overrides DIP Switches 3-8)		OFF*						
DIP switch configured		ON						
Standard input			OFF*					
Inverted input			ON					
Light mode: flashing				OFF*				
Light mode: solid				ON				
Red light mapped to input					OFF*	OFF*	OFF*	
Yellow light mapped to input					OFF	OFF	ON	
Green light mapped to input					OFF	ON	OFF	
Blue light mapped to input					OFF	ON	ON	
No lights mapped to input					ON	OFF	OFF	
Reserved					ON	OFF	ON	
Reserved					ON	ON	OFF	
Reserved					ON	ON	ON	
Reserved								OFF*

* default configuration

Transmit Power Levels

The 900 MHz radios transmit at 1 Watt (30 dBm) or 250 mW (24 dBm). The 250 mW mode reduces the radio's range but improves the battery life in short range applications. For 2.4 GHz models, this DIP switch is disabled. The transmit power for 2.4 GHz is fixed at about 65 mW EIRP (18 dBm).

Modbus/Software or DIP Switch Configured

In Modbus/Software Configured mode, use the DX80 User Configuration Software or a Modbus command to change the device parameters. DIP switch positions 3 through 8 are ignored. In DIP Switch Configured mode, use the DIP switches to configure the parameters listed in the table.

Apply Power to the Q45

Follow these instructions to install or replace the lithium "AA" cell batteries.

As with all batteries, these are a fire, explosion, and severe burn hazard. Do not burn or expose them to high temperatures. Do not recharge, crush, disassemble, or expose the contents to water. Properly dispose of used batteries according to local regulations by taking it to a hazardous waste collection site, an e-waste disposal center, or other facility qualified to accept lithium batteries.

Figure 2. Q45 battery board
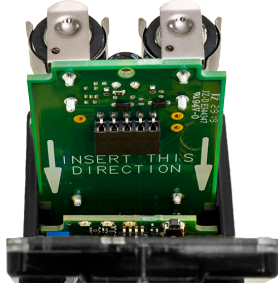
1. Loosen the clamp plate with a small Phillips screwdriver and lift the cover.
2. Slide the battery board out of the Q45 housing.
3. If applicable, remove the discharged batteries.
4. Install the new batteries. Use Banner's **BWA-BATT-006** replacement batteries or an equivalent 3.6 V AA lithium batteries, such as Xeno's XL-60F.
5. Verify the battery's positive and negative terminals align to the positive and negative terminals of the battery holder mounted within the case. Caution: There is a risk of explosion if the battery is replaced incorrectly.
6. Slide the board containing the new batteries back into the Q45 housing.
7. Close the cover and gently tighten the clamp plate with the small Phillips screwdriver.

Bind to the Gateway and Assign the Node Address

Before beginning the binding procedure, apply power to all the devices. Separate the devices by two meters when running binding procedure. Put only one Gateway into binding at a time to prevent binding to the wrong Gateway.

1. On the Gateway: Enter binding mode.
    - For housed DX80 Gateways, triple-click button 2 on the Gateway. Both LEDs flash red.
    - For Gateway board modules, triple-click the button. The green and red LED flashes.
2. Assign the Q45 a Node address using the Gateway's rotary dials. Use the left rotary dial for the left digit and the right rotary dial for the right digit. For example, to assign your Q45 to Node 10, set the Gateway's left dial to 1 and the right dial to 0. Valid Node addresses are 01 through 47.

3. On the Q45: Loosen the clamp plate on the top of the Q45 and lift the cover.
4. Enter binding mode on the Q45 by triple-clicking the Q45's button.
    The red and green LEDs flash alternately and the sensor searches for a Gateway in binding mode. After the Q45 is bound, the LEDs stay solid momentarily, then they flash together four times. The Q45 exits binding mode.
5. Label the sensor with the Q45's Node address number for future reference.
6. Repeat steps 2 through 5 for as many Q45s as are needed for your network.
7. On the Gateway: After binding all Q45s, exit binding mode.
    - For housed DX80 Gateways, double-click button 2.
    - For board-level DX80 Gateways, double-click the button.

For Gateways with single-line LCDs: After binding your Q45 to the Gateway, make note of the binding code displayed under the Gateway's *DVCFG menu, XADR submenu on the LCD. Knowing the binding code prevents having to re-bind all Q45s if your Gateway is ever replaced.

Bind to a DXM and Assign the Node Address

Before beginning the binding procedure, apply power to all the devices. Separate the radios by two meters when running the binding procedure. Put only one DXM into binding mode at a time to prevent the Q45 from binding to the wrong Gateway.

1. On the DXM: Use the arrow keys to select the **ISM Radio** menu on the LCD and click **ENTER**.
2. Highlight the **Binding** menu and click **ENTER**.
3. Use the arrow keys to select the Node address to bind the Q45 to.
4. On the Q45: Loosen the top clamp plate and lift the cover.
5. Enter binding mode by triple-clicking the binding button.
    The red and green LEDs flash alternately and the sensor searches for a Gateway in binding mode. After the Node binds, the LEDs stay solid momentarily, then they flash together four times. The Node exits binding mode.
6. Label the sensor with the Node address number for future reference.
7. On the DXM: Click **BACK** to exit binding for that specific Node address.
8. Repeat steps 3 through 7 and change the Node address for as many Q45s as are needed for your network.
9. On the DXM: After you have finished forming your network, click **BACK** until you reach the main menu.

Modbus Registers

I/O #	Modbus Holding Register		I/O Type	I/O Range		Holding Register Representation	
	Gateway	Any Node		Min. Value	Max. Value	Min. (Dec.)	Max. (Dec.)
1	1	1 + (Node# × 16)	Non-Contact Switch State	0	1	0	1
		...					
7	7	7 + (Node# × 16)	Reserved				
8	8	8 + (Node# × 16)	Device Message				
9	9	9 + (Node# × 16)	Discrete OUT 1 (red light)	0	1	0	1
10	10	10 + (Node# × 16)	Discrete OUT 2 (yellow light)	0	1	0	1
11	11	11 + (Node# × 16)	Discrete OUT 3 (green light)	0	1	0	1
12	12	12 + (Node# × 16)	Discrete OUT 4 (blue light)	0	1	0	1
		...					
15	15	15 + (Node# × 16)	Control Message				
16	16	16 + (Node# × 16)	Reserved				

Magnetic Non-Contact Switch Sensing Area

The Q45RDNL has a normally open reed switch embedded into its base. Discrete switch closure is the result of a magnetic force in proximity to the lower portion of the Q45 housing surface.

The sensing area extends up to 1 inch from the face, rear, and bottom of device and up to 1 inch to the sides from the center of the base with the supplied Neodymium (axially magnetized) rare earth magnet. The supplied magnet, p/n 204457, is a 0.5 inch × 0.25 inch Neodymium rare earth magnet with a pull force of 10.9 lbs.

Mounting the Q45RDNL depends on the specific application, but either the magnet or Q45RNL can be mounted to the movable or fixed surface.

Any customer-supplied magnet configuration can be used. The sensing distance will vary based on the supplied magnet's size, type, and pull force.
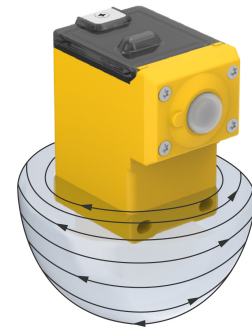
Specifications

Performance Radio with Internal Antenna Specifications

Radio Range [1]
900 MHz, 1 Watt: Up to 3.2 km (2 miles) with line of sight (internal antenna)
2.4 GHz, 65 mW: Up to 1000 m (3280 ft) with line of sight (internal antenna)

Antenna Minimum Separation Distance
900 MHz, 150 mW and 250 mW: 2 m (6 ft)
900 MHz, 1 Watt: 4.57 m (15 ft)
2.4 GHz, 65 mW: 0.3 m (1 ft)

Radio Transmit Power
900 MHz, 1 Watt: 30 dBm (1 W) conducted (up to 36 dBm EIRP)
2.4 GHz, 65 mW: 18 dBm (65 mW) conducted, less than or equal to 20 dBm (100 mW) EIRP

Link Timeout (Performance)
Gateway: Configurable via User Configuration Software
Node: Defined by Gateway

Spread Spectrum Technology
FHSS (Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum)

900 MHz Compliance (1 Watt)
FCC ID UE3RM1809: FCC Part 15, Subpart C, 15.247
IC: 7044A-RM1809
IFT: RCPBARM13-2283

NOM **NYCE**

(NOM approval only applies to 900 MHz models)

2.4 GHz Compliance
FCC ID UE300DX80-2400: FCC Part 15, Subpart C, 15.247
Radio Equipment Directive (RED) 2014/53/EU
IC: 7044A-DX8024
ANATEL: 15966-21-04042 Este equipamento não tem direito à proteção contra interferência prejudicial e não pode causar interferência em sistemas devidamente autorizados. Para maiores informações, consulte o site da ANATEL www.gov.br/anatel/pt-br/

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[1] Range depends on the environment and decreases significantly without line of sight. Always verify your wireless network's range by performing a Site Survey.

Q45RDNL Specifications

Typical Battery Life
Up to 2 years
A typical battery life assumes an average of 20 seconds between sensor changes of state and the default 62.5 millisecond sample rate. Battery life is reduced to 1 year with an average of 2 seconds between changes of state.
Battery life with light continuously flashing: 2 months
Battery life with light continuously solid: 1.5 weeks

Construction
Molded reinforced thermoplastic polyester housing, oring-sealed transparent Lexan® cover, molded acrylic lenses, and stainless steel hardware.
Designed to withstand 1200 psi washdown.

Default Sensing Interval
62.5 milliseconds

Report Rate
On Change of State

Indicators
Red and green LEDs (radio function); amber LED indicates when input 1 is active

Button Input
Sample Rate: 62.5 milliseconds
Report Rate: On Change of State
ON Condition: Button pressed
OFF Condition: Button not pressed

Environmental Specifications

Operating Conditions
–40 °C to +70 °C (–40 °F to +158 °F); 90% at +50 °C maximum relative humidity (non-condensing)
Radiated Immunity: 10 V/m (EN 61000-4-3)

Environmental Rating
NEMA 6P, IP67

Operating the devices at the maximum operating conditions for extended periods can shorten the life of the device.

Applications for the Q45RDNL Sensor Node

Mount the Wireless Q45RDNL Sensor Node using the two (2) provided screws, the recommended bracket, or industrial-grade, double-sided tape on the back or the sides of the device.

Mount the supplied magnet with epoxy or double-sided tape. Customer-supplied specialized magnets can also be used. When the magnet is in range of the reed switch, the magnetic field closes the switching circuit.

Figure 3. Sensing the actuation of a safety shower	*Figure 4. Sensing the door position*	*Figure 5. Sensing the extension or retraction of an articulating arm or stow position*

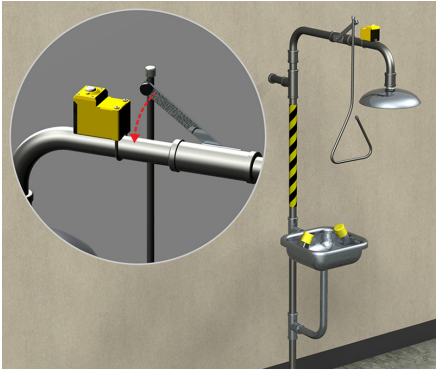*Figure 3. Sensing the actuation of a safety shower*
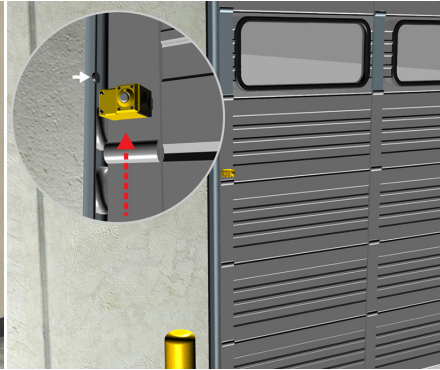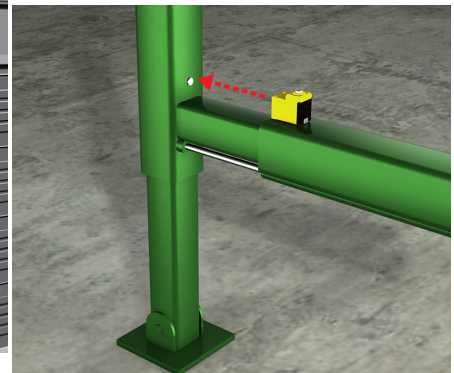

Figure 4. Sensing the door position

*Figure 5. Sensing the extension or retraction of an articulating arm or stow position*

Mounting Brackets

- Q45 Wireless sensors can be mounted with double-sided tape or with bracket options below
- -NH models are supplied with two (2) mounting screws and nuts

Use with the -NH models:

SMB30MM
- 12-ga. stainless steel bracket with curved mounting slots for versatile orientation
- Clearance for M6 (¼ in) hardware
- Mounting hole for 30 mm sensor
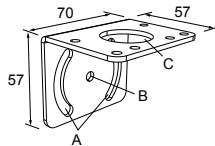
Hole center spacing: A = 51, A to B = 25.4
Hole size: A = 42.6 x 7, B = ø 6.4, C = ø 30.1

Warnings

Exporting Sure Cross® Radios. It is our intent to fully comply with all national and regional regulations regarding radio frequency emissions. **Customers who want to re-export this product to a country other than that to which it was sold must ensure the device is approved in the destination country.** The Sure Cross wireless products were certified for use in these countries using the antenna that ships with the product. When using other antennas, verify you are not exceeding the transmit power levels allowed by local governing agencies. This device has been designed to operate with the antennas listed on Banner Engineering's website and having a maximum gain of 9 dBm. Antennas not included in this list or having a gain greater that 9 dBm are strictly prohibited for use with this device. The required antenna impedance is 50 ohms. To reduce potential radio interference to other users, the antenna type and its gain should be so chosen such that the equivalent isotropically radiated power (EIRP) is not more than that permitted for successful communication. Consult with Banner Engineering Corp. if the destination country is not on this list.

> **Important:** Please download the complete Wireless Q45 Sensor Node technical documentation, available in multiple languages, from www.bannerengineering.com for details on the proper use, applications, Warnings, and installation instructions of this device.

> **Important:** Por favor descargue desde www.bannerengineering.com toda la documentación técnica de los Wireless Q45 Sensor Node, disponibles en múltiples idiomas, para detalles del uso adecuado, aplicaciones, advertencias, y las instrucciones de instalación de estos dispositivos.

> **Important:** Veuillez télécharger la documentation technique complète des Wireless Q45 Sensor Node sur notre site www.bannerengineering.com pour les détails sur leur utilisation correcte, les applications, les notes de sécurité et les instructions de montage.

> **WARNING:**
> - **Do not use this device for personnel protection**
> - Using this device for personnel protection could result in serious injury or death.
> - This device does not include the self-checking redundant circuitry necessary to allow its use in personnel safety applications. A device failure or malfunction can cause either an energized (on) or de-energized (off) output condition.

> **Important:**
> - **Electrostatic discharge (ESD) sensitive device**
> - ESD can damage the device. Damage from inappropriate handling is not covered by warranty.
> - Use proper handling procedures to prevent ESD damage. Proper handling procedures include leaving devices in their anti-static packaging until ready for use; wearing anti-static wrist straps; and assembling units on a grounded, static-dissipative surface.

Banner Engineering Corp. Limited Warranty

Notas Adicionales

Información México: La operación de este equipo está sujeta a las siguientes dos condiciones: 1) es posible que este equipo o dispositivo no cause interferencia perjudicial y 2) este equipo debe aceptar cualquier interferencia, incluyendo la que pueda causar su operación no deseada.

Banner es una marca registrada de Banner Engineering Corp. y podrán ser utilizadas de manera indistinta para referirse al fabricante. "Este equipo ha sido diseñado para operar con las antenas tipo Omnidireccional para una ganancia máxima de antena de 6 dBd y Yagi para una ganancia máxima de antena 10 dBd que en seguida se enlistan. También se incluyen aquellas con aprobación ATEX tipo Omnidireccional siempre que no excedan una ganancia máxima de antena de 6dBd. El uso con este equipo de antenas no incluidas en esta lista o que tengan una ganancia mayor que 6 dBd en tipo omnidireccional y 10 dBd en tipo Yagi, quedan prohibidas. La impedancia requerida de la antena es de 50 ohms."

Antenas SMA	Modelo	Antenas Tipo-N	Modelo
Antena, Omni 902-928 MHz, 2 dBd, junta de caucho, RP-SMA Macho	BWA-9O2-C	Antena, Omni 902-928 MHz, 6 dBd, fibra de vidrio, 1800mm, N Hembra	BWA-9O6-A
Antena, Omni 902-928 MHz, 5 dBd, junta de caucho, RP-SMA Macho	BWA-9O5-C	Antena, Yagi, 900 MHz, 10 dBd, N Hembra	BWA-9Y10-A

Mexican Importer

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Modelo (Model): DX80-2400—Este equipamento não tem direito à proteção contra interferência prejudicial e não pode causar interferência em sistemas devidamente autorizados. Para maiores informações, consulte o site da ANATEL www.gov.br/anatel/pt-br/

ANATEL: 15966-21-04042