

Six Input Emergency Stop Monitoring Safety Relay

Model ES-TA-3D1 with DeviceNet™



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- Monitors up to six normally-closed emergency stop switch circuits for a contact failure or wiring fault
- Diverse-redundant input monitoring circuit
- DeviceNet[™] monitoring of status and diagnostic information
- Auto reset or monitored manual reset
- Two output switching channels for connection to control-reliable power interrupt circuits
- Designed to comply with standards UL991, EN418, and EN954-1 (Safety Category 4)
- For use in functional stop category 0 applications per NFPA 79 and EN418
- Plug-in terminal blocks and replaceable circuit boards
- LED indicators for status of all inputs and outputs
- · Manual MAC ID Address Switches and LED
- Autobaud

Printed in USA P/N 51246I8A



IMPORTANT NOTICE

Banner Engineering Corp. has made every effort to provide complete application, installation, operation, and maintenance instructions. In addition, any questions regarding the use or installation of Banner Emergency Stop Monitoring Safety Relay model **ES-TA-3D1** should be directed to the factory applications department at the telephone numbers or address shown on back cover.

The user shall ensure that all machine operators, maintenance personnel, electricians, and supervisors are thoroughly familiar with and understand all instructions regarding the installation, maintenance, and use of model **ES-TA-3D1** Emergency Stop Monitoring Safety Relay, and with the machinery it controls.

The user and any personnel involved with the installation and use of model **ES-TA-3D1** Emergency Stop Monitoring Safety Relay must be thoroughly familiar with all applicable ANSI/NFPA standards. The standards, listed below, directly address the use of emergency stop systems. Banner Engineering Corp. makes no claim regarding a specific recommendation of any organization, the accuracy or effectiveness of any information provided, or the appropriateness of the provided information for a specific application.

The user has the responsibility to ensure that all local, state, and national laws, rules, codes, and regulations relating to the use of this emergency stop monitoring safety relay in any particular application are satisfied. Extreme care is urged that all legal requirements have been met and that all installation and maintenance instructions contained in this manual are followed.

U. S. Standards Applicable to Use of Emergency Stop Monitoring Safety Relays

ANSI B11 Standards for Machine Tools "Safety Requirements for the Construction, Care and Use"

Available from: Safety Director

AMT - The Association for Manufacturing Technology

7901 Westpark Drive McLean, VA 22101-4269 Tel.: 703-827-5266

NFPA79 "Electrical Standard for Industrial Machinery (1997)"

Available from: National Fire Protection Association

1 Batterymach Park, P.O. Box 9101

Quincy, MA 02269-9101 Tel.: 800-344-3555

ANSI/RIA R15.06 "Safety Requirements for Industrial Robots and Robot Systems"

Available from: Robotic Industries Association

900 Victors Way, P.O. Box 3724

Ann Arbor, MI 48106 Tel.: 734-994-6088

European Standards Applicable to Use of Emergency Stop Monitoring Safety Relays

EN292-1 "Safety of Machinery – Basic Concepts, General Principals for Design

Part 1: Basic Terminology, Methodology"

EN292-2 "Safety of Machinery – Basic Concepts, General Principals for Design

Part 2: Technical Principals and Specifications"

EN60204-1 "Electrical Equipment of Machines: Part 1: General Requirements

Also, request a type "C" standard for your specific machinery.

EN418 Safety of Machinery – Emergency stop equipment functional aspects, principles for design

Available from: Global Engineering Documents 15 Inverness Way East

Englewood, CO 80112-5704

Tel.: 800-854-7179





WARNING...
Model ES-TA-3D1
Emergency Stop
Monitoring Safety
Relay is not a point-

of-operation guarding device, as defined by OSHA regulations. It is necessary to install point-of-operation guarding devices, such as safety light screens and/or hard guards, to protect personnel from hazardous machinery. Failure to install point-of-operation guards on hazardous machinery can result in a dangerous condition which could lead to serious injury or death.

SECTION 1 – Product Description

The purpose of safety relay model ES-TA-3D1 is to increase the control reliability of a multiple-input Emergency Stop circuit. The ANSI B11.19 standard states:

"Control reliability of electrical, electronic, or pneumatic systems frequently consists of multiple, independent parallel or series circuitry or components so arranged that any single failure . . . either sends a stop command to the machine tool or prevents a successive cycle from being initiated."

As indicated in Figure 3, a typical Emergency Stop switch offers two redundant switching contacts. In a properly designed machine stop circuit, the opening of either of the two emergency stop contacts immediately removes electrical power from the machine control elements which react to stop hazardous machine motion and/or any other machine hazard. This redundancy of stopping control offered by a two-pole Emergency Stop switch is the first step towards control reliability. However, failure or defeat of one of the switch contacts to a short-circuit will go undetected, thereby removing the redundancy, and leaving the Emergency Stop circuit prone to eventual failure.

The ES-TA-3D1 safety relay connects up to six Emergency Stop switches to the machine Emergency Stop control elements. The Emergency Stop switches become the inputs to the safety relay. The safety relay monitors the condition of both contacts of each Emergency Stop switch connected to it. The output of the safety relay consists of two redundant output switching channels, each of which is the series connection of two force-guided relay contacts (K1 and K2 in Figure 3).

As recommended by the Control Reliability section of ANSI B11.19, outputs of the ES-TA-3D1 consist of two contacts (K1 and K2). These contacts are mechanically linked, force-guided contacts, allowing the ES-TA-3D1 to monitor the outputs for failures. If the safety relay detects failure of any contact of either the input Emergency Stop switches or the output relays, the safety relay output is disabled and cannot be reset. The two switching output circuits of the safety relay are rated for up to 250V ac at up to 4 amps (resistive load).

The ES-TA-3D1 safety relay also provides a selectable (automatic or manual) reset function.

The safety relay has indicators for input power, E-stop inputs, monitor inputs, reset input and output relay status (see Figure 1). A selector for Auto or Manual Reset is located under the control panel cover (see page 8 for instructions). See Sections 6 and 7 for information regarding troubleshooting and repairs.

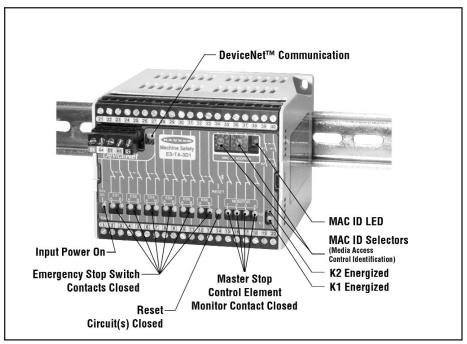


Figure 1. ES-TA-3D1 status indicators

SECTION 2 – Emergency Stop Switch Requirements

As shown in Figure 3, each Emergency Stop switch must provide two contacts which are closed when the switches are in the "ready" position. Once activated, the Emergency Stop switch must open both contacts. The switch may be returned to the closed-contact position only by a deliberate action (such as twisting, pulling, unlocking, etc.). Additionally, NFPA79, section 13.2 Emergency Stop Devices specifies the following switch ("stop control") requirements:

- Emergency stop pushbuttons shall be located at each operator control station and at other operating stations where emergency shutdown shall be required.
- Stop and emergency stop pushbuttons shall be continuously operable from all control and operating stations where located.
- Actuators of emergency stop devices shall be colored RED. The background immediately around the device actuator shall be colored YELLOW. The actuator of a pushbutton-operated device shall be of the palm or mushroom-head type.
- The emergency stop actuator shall be either a momentary or self-latching type.

NOTE: Some applications may have additional requirements. The user must refer to all relevant regulations.



SECTION 3 – Mounting the Control Module

Mount the ES-TA-3D1 E-Stop Safety Relay inside a lockable enclosure which has a minimum rating of NEMA3 (IP54). The ES-TA-3D1 E-Stop Safety Relay is not designed for exposed wiring. It is the user's responsibility to house the safety relay in an enclosure with NEMA 3 (IEC IP54). For security reasons, the key to the lockable enclosure should be in the possession of a Qualified Person (see section 5.1, Security Protocol).

The control module may be mounted onto standard 35 mm DIN rail or may, instead, be mounted directly to the backplate of the lockable enclosure, using the supplied hardware. Leave a minimum 1 cm (1/4") gap between the module housing and other adjacent housings, to allow room for potential board replacement at a later date.

The ES-TA-3D1 E-Stop Safety Relay control module should be configured before initial checkout and use (see section 4.4 and 4.5).

Dimensions of the safety relay are shown in the diagram below.

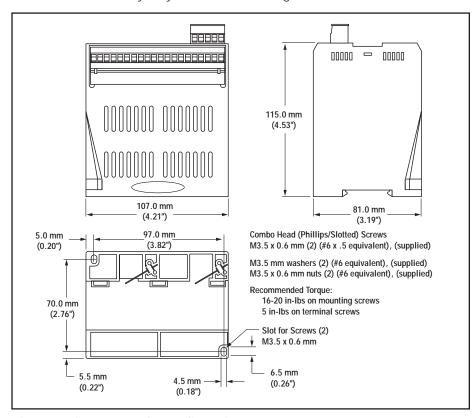


Figure 2. ES-TA-3D1 enclosure dimensions

SECTION 4 – Electrical Hookup and Initial Checkout

It is not possible to give exact wiring instructions for a device such as the model ES-TA-3D1 emergency stop monitoring safety relay which interfaces to a multitude of machine control configurations. The following guidelines are general in nature.

Model ES-TA-3D1 has no delay function. The output relay contacts open within 25 milliseconds from the time that any emergency stop switch contact opens. This classifies the ES-TA-3D1 as a functional "Category 0" emergency stop control as defined by NFPA 79 (National Fire Protection Association Standard for Industrial Machinery) and EN418 (European Standard: "Safety of Machinery, Emergency Stop Equipment, Functional Aspects – Principles of Design").

4.1 Connection of Emergency Stop Switches

Connect the two poles of each Emergency Stop switch as shown in Figure 3. The switches in Figure 3 are shown in their "ready" position with both contacts closed. See Product Specifications on page 20 for E-stop Switch Input Requirements.

NOTE: Jumper any unused inputs to simulate an Emergency Stop switch in the closed-contact position.

4.2 Connection of Reset Switch

The circuit Reset switch can be any mechanical switch, such as a normally open momentary switch, a two-position key switch, etc. The Reset switch must meet the requirements listed in the Product Specifications on page 20. The Reset switch connects between terminals 14 and 34 of the safety relay.

The Reset switch must be located outside and not accessible from the area of dangerous motion, and must be positioned so that any area of dangerous motion may be observed by the switch operator during the Reset operation. Any areas not in full view must use supplemental guarding to detect personnel.



CAUTION . . . Electrical Hazard

Always disconnect power from the ES-TA-

3D1 safety relay and all power from the machine being controlled before making or removing any wire connections.

Electrical installation and wiring must be made by qualified personnel and must comply with the NEC (National Electrical Code), IEC 60204-1 and -2, and all applicable local standards and codes.



CAUTION . . . Do Not Use As A Safety Switch (Interlock) Monitor

The ES-TA-3D1 is not to be used as a gate or interlocking switch monitor. The use of input devices other than Emergency Stop switches (see section 2) may result in a reduction in the safety category as described by EN 954-1.



WARNING . . . Do Not Use Jumpers to Bypass an E-stop circuit.



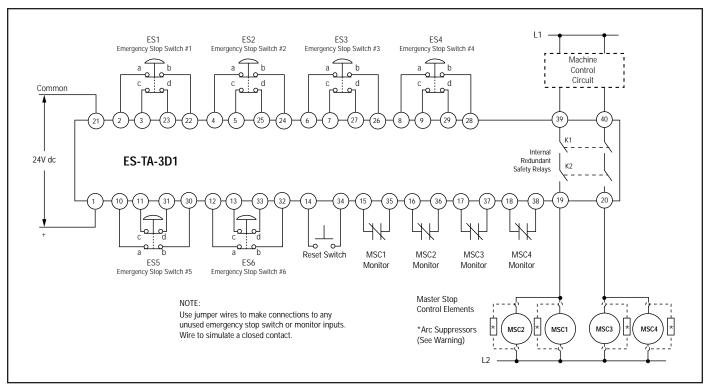


Figure 3. General hookup information for model ES-TA-3D1 Emergency Stop Monitoring Safety Relay

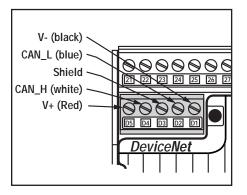


Figure 4. DeviceNet connections



WARNING . . . Intermediate Devices

NEVER wire an intermediate device (for example, a programmable logic controller - PLC), **other than a captive contact (force-guided)** relay, between ES-TA-3D1 outputs and the master stop control

element it switches. To do so sacrifices the control reliability of the control-to-machine interface, and creates an unsafe condition which could result in serious injury or death. Whenever a force-guided relay is added as an intermediate switching device, a normally closed, force-guided monitor contact of that relay must be connected in series with the monitor contact of the master stop control element it is switching. (Reference ANSI B11.1 – 1988, Appendix B4)



WARNING . . . Arc Suppressors

If arc suppressors are used, they **MUST** be installed as shown across the load of the master stop control elements (MSC1, MSC2, MSC3 and MSC4). **NEVER install suppressors directly across the output**

contacts of the ES-TA-3D1 safety relay. It is possible for suppressors to fail as a short circuit. If installed directly across the output contacts of the safety relay, a short-circuited suppressor will create an unsafe condition which could result in serious injury or death.

4.3 Setting the MAC ID Address

In order for the DeviceNet controller to process information from its individual inputs, each input must have a unique 2-digit address. (For example, two devices on the same bus network may not both have 26 as their address; however, two devices within the same factory may have addresses of 26, if they are on separate bus networks.)

The ES-TA-3D1's address may be assigned in two ways: locally, using the two rotary selectors on the front of the module (see Figure 5), or remotely, using the rotary selectors and the DeviceNet controller. To set the address locally, set the rotary selectors to a number between 00 and 63 and cycle power to the DeviceNet connection. To allow the DeviceNet controller to set the address, set the rotary selectors to a number higher than 63; the address can then be set using the controller.

The MAC ID LED will be off when the MAC ID address rotary switches match the current address of the ES-TA-3D1 (as recognized by the DeviceNet controller). If the addresses do not agree, the LED will flash. (To correct this problem, see DeviceNet Troubleshooting.) The MAC ID LED will be ON steadily when the MAC ID address rotary switches are above 63 and the current address of the ES-TA-3D1 (as recognized by the DeviceNet controller) was set with the MAC ID address rotary switches above 63.



Figure 5. MAC ID address rotary selectors and LED

4.4 Selecting Auto or Manual Reset Mode

The ES-TA-3D1 is switchable between Auto and Manual reset (factory setting is Manual). When Manual reset is selected, the E-stop relay may be reset only by a manual Reset switch. When Auto reset is selected, the E-stop relay automatically resets whenever power is applied to the device, or at the moment when all E-stop and Monitor inputs become closed. (The manual Reset switch is ignored when Auto reset is selected.) Regardless of which reset method is selected, the E-stop cannot be started unless all starting prerequisites have been met (power to the system, and all E-stop and monitor inputs closed).

To select reset mode, open the module cover and remove the green Reset Mode selector from the black socket. Reinsert the Reset Mode selector so that the mode you select (either AUTO or MANUAL, one printed on each side of the Reset Mode selector) is facing up. (See Figure 6.)

In all cases, the user must ensure that closing the Emergency Stop switch (in Auto reset) or manually resetting the ES-TA-3D1 does not initiate a restart (per NFPA 79 Section 9.6.3).



Figure 6. Selecting Auto or Manual Reset

4.5 Selecting the Autobaud Feature

The ES-TA-3D1 has an autobaud feature which allows for automatic recognition of the baud rate on the network into which the ES-TA-3D1 is installed. This convenient feature automatically matches the ES-TA-3D1 baud rate to the network without requiring a baud rate configuration step. The autobaud feature is set to ON at the factory. When the autobaud parameter is set to ON, the baud rate parameter may not be set via the DeviceNet network. The autobaud parameter may be turned off by setting the DeviceNet autobaud parameter to OFF (see the EDS file for path information). When the autobaud parameter is set to OFF, the baud rate parameter may be set via the DeviceNet network to the desired baud rate.

To determine if autobaud is set to ON, power (at the DeviceNet power inputs) the ES-TA-3D1 while it is not connected to the DeviceNet network; the Bus Status Indicator will flash green, then red, then OFF in a repetitive sequence. If autobaud is set to OFF, then the Bus Status Indicator will flash green (or red) after the initial green/red sequence at power up.



IMPORTANT . . . Check Each Switch Individually

Check ALL Emergency
Stop switches, individually, during
each checkout procedure. When two
or more Emergency Stop switches
are used, each switch must be
individually actuated (engaged), then
re-armed and the ES-TA-3D1 reset.
This allows the ES-TA-3D1 to check
each switch and its wiring to detect
faults.

4.6 Initial Checkout Procedure

- 1) IMPORTANT: Ensure that there are no connections at terminals 39/19 and 40/20.
- 2) Close all E-stop inputs. Ensure all monitoring inputs are closed and that the Reset input is open. (Refer to Figure 3.)
- 3) Apply input power to the E-stop relay at terminals 1 and 21. Verify that K1, K2 and Reset indicators are OFF. Verify that all E-stop and monitor indicators are ON. (If Auto/Manual Reset selector is set to Auto mode, verify K1, K2 and all E-stop indicators are ON. Reset and all monitor indicators are OFF.)
- 4) Close the Reset input (if Auto/Manual Reset selector is set to AUTO mode, go to step 5). Verify that the Reset and K1 LED indicators go ON. K2 indicator should remain OFF. Open the Reset switch and verify that the Reset indicator is OFF. The K1 and K2 indicators should both be ON at this time. If the K2 indicator comes ON before the Reset switch is opened, disconnect the input power and check all wiring. Return to step 2 after the cause of any problem has been corrected.
- 5) Activate one Emergency Stop switch (open its contacts). The K1 and K2 indicators should turn OFF, simultaneously. If either indicator does not go OFF, check the E-stop indicators. (The indicators for the activated Emergency Stop switch should be OFF, as well as indicators for E-stops with higher numbers. For example, if E-stop #3 is activated, the indicators for #3, #4, #5, and #6 should all go OFF simultaneously.) If all E-stop indicators are OK but either or both K1 and K2 indicators are ON, disconnect the input power and check all wiring. Return to step 2 after the cause of the problem has been corrected.
- Repeat the above checkout procedure for each E-stop switch, individually (ES1 through ES6).



4.7 Connection to the Machine to be Controlled

The hookup diagram (Figure 3) shows a generic connection of the ES-TA-3D1 safety relay's two redundant output circuits to master stop control elements MSC1, MSC2, MSC3 and MSC4. A master stop control element is an electrically powered device, external to the ES-TA-3D1 safety relay, which stops the machinery being controlled by immediate removal of electrical power to the machine and (when necessary) by applying braking to dangerous motion (reference ANSI B11.19, section 5.2: "Stop Control"). This stopping action must be accomplished by removing power to either master stop control element.

To satisfy the requirements of Safety Category 4 of prEN 954-1, the master stop control elements must offer a normally closed, force-guided monitor contact. One normally closed monitor contact from each master stop control element is wired to the appropriate terminals on the module (see Figure 3). In operation, if any of the master stop control elements fails to de-energize, the associated monitor contact will remain open. As a result, it will not be possible to reset the ES-TA-3D1 safety relay.

NOTE: If less than four MSC elements are controlled by the ES-TA-3D1, jumper the unused monitor inputs to simulate a closed contact. See NOTICE Regarding MSC Monitor Hookup, at right.

Apply power to the machine control elements and perform the Periodic Checkout Procedure (see section 5.2).

SECTION 5 – Operating Instructions

5.1 Security Protocol

The ES-TA-3D1 E-Stop Safety Relay should be mounted inside a lockable enclosure. For security reasons, the key to the lockable enclosure must be in the possession of a Qualified Person or Persons. A Qualified Person is a person who, by possession of a recognized degree or certificate of professional training, or who, by extensive knowledge, training, and experience, has successfully demonstrated the ability to solve problems relating to the subject matter and work (ANSI B30.2-1983).

The key to the Reset switch (if the Reset switch, as installed, requires a key) should be available to a Designated Person or Persons. A Designated Person is one who is identified and designated in writing, by the employer, as being appropriately trained and qualified to perform a specified checkout procedure. A machine operator who meets these requirements may be a Designated Person.



CAUTION . . . Dangerous Voltage

Before performing the initial checkout

procedure, make certain all power is disconnected from the machine to be controlled. Dangerous voltages may be present along the ES-TA-3D1 wiring barriers whenever power to the machine control elements is "ON". Exercise extreme caution whenever machine control power is or may be present. Always disconnect power to the machine control elements before opening the enclosure housing of the ES-TA-3D1.

NOTICE Regarding MSC Monitor Hookup

It is strongly recommended that one normally closed auxiliary contact of each Master Stop Control element (MSC) be wired as an MSC monitor contact, as shown in Figure 3. If this is done, any inconsistency of action between the MSCs will create a fault condition, which will prevent the E-stop relay from resetting.



5.2 Periodic Checkout Requirements

The functioning of the Emergency Stop system (including the ES-TA-3D1 E-Stop Safety Relay and the guarded machine) must be verified on a regular periodic basis to ensure proper operation (see also the machine manufacturer's recommendations).

Procedure:

- 1) With the machine running, activate one Emergency Stop switch, (open its contacts). Verify that the machine stops. (The K1 and K2 indicators should turn OFF, simultaneously. If either indicator does not go OFF, check the E-stop indicators. The indicators for the activated Emergency Stop switch should be OFF, as well as indicators for E-stops with higher numbers. For example, if E-stop #3 is activated, the indicators for #3, #4, #5, and #6 should all go OFF simultaneously.) If all E-stop indicators are OK but either or both K1 and K2 indicators are ON, disconnect the input power and check all wiring. Repeat this step after the cause of any problem has been corrected.
- 2) Return the Emergency Stop switch to its closed-contact position. Close and open the Reset switch (if the controller is in Auto Reset mode, this action is not necessary). The machine must not start at this point. Initiate the machine startup procedure (per manufacturer's instructions). Verify that the machine restarts in correct sequence.
- 3) Repeat the above checkout procedure for each E-stop switch, individually (ES1 through ES6).

A normal RUN condition is reported to DeviceNet as follows:

| Operating mode: | OK (Go) |
|-----------------|---|
| E-stop Inputs: | All Closed |
| Monitor Inputs: | Mon 1 Open (NOTE: unused, jumpered monitor contacts will not be listed as open) |
| Reset Mode: | Manual Reset (or Auto Reset, depending on selection) |
| Reset Input: | (or Disabled if in Auto Reset mode) |
| K1 Relay: | Energized |
| K2 Relay: | Energized |
| Autobaud: | On (or Off, depending on selection) |
| Fault Type: | No Fault |
| Action 1: | |
| Action 2: | |
| Action 3: | |

5.3 Normal Operation

Following are examples of LED status indication and DeviceNet information for typical ES-TA-3D1 RUN, STOP, and FAULT conditions.

5.3.1 RUN Condition

The following LED status represents a normal run condition, where all E-stop switches are closed, and the E-stop relay has been reset so that K1 and K2 output contacts are closed:

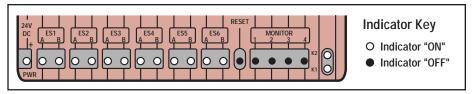


Figure 7. Indicator status for normal RUN condition

5.3.2 STOP Condition

If any E-stop switch is actuated during a normal run condition, the output contacts of K1 and K2 will open. The following LED status illustrates a situation where E-stop switch ES3 has been actuated:

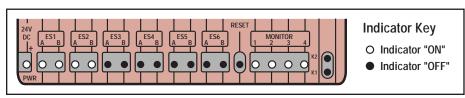


Figure 8. Indicator status for STOP condition (E-stop switch ES3 is actuated)

When the E-stop switch is reset, (ES3 in this example), the indicator lights for ES3, ES4, ES5, and ES6 will come back ON.

K1 and K2 will close and their LED indicators will come ON:

- 1) After the Reset switch is closed and then opened (Manual Reset mode) or,
- 2) Immediately upon resetting ES3 (Auto Reset mode).

5.3.3 FAULT Condition

The following status indication illustrates a typical fault condition in which one switch contact remains closed when an E-stop switch is actuated. This example illustrates the situation where contact "B" of switch ES4 fails, closed:

SECTION 7 - Repairs

Board Replacement:

In some cases, it may be possible to repair your module by replacing one or more of

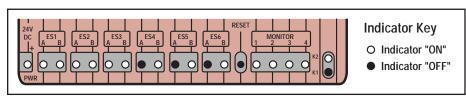


Figure 9. Typical indicator status for FAULT condition (contact "B" of E-stop switch ES4 remains closed upon actuation)

A STOP condition created by actuation of E-stop switch ES3 is reported to DeviceNet as follows:

| Operating mode: | Stop Condition |
|-----------------|--|
| E-stop Inputs: | E-Stop 3 Open |
| Monitor Inputs: | All Closed |
| Reset Mode: | Manual Reset (or Auto Reset, depending on selection) |
| Reset Input: | Open (or Disabled if in Auto Reset mode) |
| K1 Relay: | De-energized |
| K2 Relay: | De-energized |
| Autobaud: | On (or Off, depending on selection) |
| Fault Type: | No Fault |
| Action 1: | |
| Action 2: | |
| Action 3: | |

A FAULT condition created by failure of contact "B" of E-stop switch ES4 is reported to DeviceNet as follows:

| Operating mode: | Fault Condition |
|-----------------------|--|
| E-stop Inputs: | 4A Open 4B Short |
| Monitor Inputs: | All Closed |
| Reset Mode: | Manual Reset (or Auto Reset, depending on selection) |
| Reset Input: | Open (or Disabled if in Auto Reset mode) |
| K1 Relay: | De-energized |
| KO Dalan | |
| K2 Relay: | Energized |
| Autobaud: | Energized On (or Off, depending on selection) |
| | On (or Off, depending on |
| Autobaud: | On (or Off, depending on selection) |
| Autobaud: Fault Type: | On (or Off, depending on selection) E-Stop 4 Fault |

SECTION 6 — Troubleshooting

Use indicator LEDs on E-stop relay to diagnose fault type (see Section 5.3). Use your DeviceNet Manager as a troubleshooting aid. Also, see the most current Electronic Data Sheet (EDS) file; it assigns a number to a specific text string that will be helpful in troubleshooting problems.

6.1 General E-stop Relay Faults

| Fault Type | Cause | Recommended Action | | |
|---------------------|--|---|--|--|
| E-stop input fault | 1 input shorted, 1 input open | Check E-stop inputs Replace Power Supply PC board Replace Communication PC board Replace Interconnection PC board | | |
| Reset input fault | Shorted input on power up | Check Reset input Replace Power Supply PC board Replace Communication PC board | | |
| Monitor input fault | Open input on power-up or after stop | Check for open Monitor inputs Replace Power Supply PC board Replace Communication PC board | | |
| Output relay fault | Internal circuit failure | Replace Relay PC board Replace Communication PC board | | |
| Power fault | No power or power supply failure | Check power, LED working? Replace Relay PC board Replace Communication PC board | | |
| Auto Reset fault | Missing selector card or Internal circuit failure | Check missing Auto Reset selector card Replace Power Supply PC board Replace Communication PC board | | |

The ES-TA-3D1 E-Stop Safety Relay also features a self-contained provision for troubleshooting; indicator LEDs on the front of the module provide clues to possible faults. If the circuit is working properly, the Power LED should be ON, and the individual indicator lights for each Emergency Stop switch input should remain ON.

If one of the Emergency Stop switches connected to the circuit has been activated, its indicator on the front panel of the module will go OFF; in addition, each indicator to the right of it, on the panel, will also go OFF. (For example, if switch #4 has been activated, the indicators for switches 4, 5, and 6 will be OFF).

To reset, start by verifying that the problem prompting the E-stop procedure has been corrected. The E-stop switch indicator, and all those to the right of it on the control module front panel, should go ON. Then activate the Reset switch connected to the ES-TA-3D1 E-Stop Safety Relay, and reset the E-stop switch indicated by the first LED to be OFF, reading from left to right on the control panel. (For example, if switch #4 has been activated, the indicators for switches 4, 5, and 6 will be OFF; start by resetting switch #4.) Verify that all monitor indicators are ON. (If one of the monitor inputs is open, its indicator will go OFF; in addition, each monitor indicator to the right of it will also go OFF. For example, if monitor 2 is open, the indicators for monitor 2, 3 and 4 will be OFF.)

If any of the E-stop switch indicators remain OFF, repeat this step with the next E-stop switch indicator (again, the first/left-most unlit LED on the front of the module control panel).

NOTE: After a successful reset, both of the K1/K2 indicators should be ON. If not, the control module has an internal fault and should be returned to the factory for repair.



6.2 E-stop Relay Faults Specific to DeviceNet

| ES-TA-3D1 Network Status Indicator | Description | Recommended Action |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| Green ON Steady | On line, connected/allocated to master | No action required. |
| Green Flashing | On line, not connected/allocated to master; If autobaud is ON, address and baud rate ok | Connect/allocate the device to the master. Check that all connectors and wiring are correct and tightly connected. Check that the overall network is functional by connecting to some other device on the same DeviceNet network. If autobaud is turned OFF, set the autobaud parameter (offline) to ON or set the MAC ID switches to a value known not to be in use and offline try to connect at 125K (factory default), then 250K, then 500K baud until successful. If unsuccessful, repeat step 2. |
| Red ON Steady | Critical network fault or duplicate node address detected | Check to ensure that no other device on the network has the same MAC ID (network address). Each DeviceNet device must have a unique MAC ID. Use the MAC ID address switches (set at 00 to 63) or set the MAC ID over the network by setting MAC ID parameter to the desired value (the MAC ID switches must be set to 64 or higher to allow setting of the MAC ID via the network). If autobaud is turned OFF, check that the configured baud rate matches the baud rate of the network. Ensure that the DeviceNet network is properly terminated and grounded per DeviceNet specifications. Check for insufficient network power supply. |
| Red Flashing | Connection timeout or no power to ES-TA-3D1 | Check input power to the ES-TA-3D1. Check DeviceNet I/O connection time out expected packet rate (EPR) parameter setting and/or problem with DeviceNet master. |
| OFF | No network power or off line | Check the DeviceNet connector(s) for proper supply voltage and wiring for loose or incorrect connections. |
| Green/Red/OFF | Autobaud detecting network baud rate. | Check that all connectors and wiring are correct and tightly connected. Check that the overall network is functional by connecting/allocating to some other device on the same DeviceNet network. Create repetitive network communication to some other device on the same DeviceNet network. This will allow detection of the baud rate. |

| ES-TA-3D1 MAC ID Indicator | Description | Recommended Action |
|-------------------------------|--|---|
| ON Steady | MAC ID address is controlled by the master. | No action required. |
| Flashing | setting has been changed with the | If switches have been changed, return the switches to the correct address (the indicator will stop flashing). If trying to change the address, complete the address change procedure. |
| OFF | MAC ID address is controlled by the MAC ID switches. | No action required. |

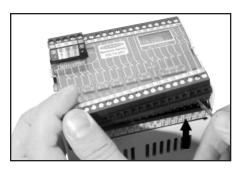


Figure 10. Gently pry up each of the three wiring barriers.

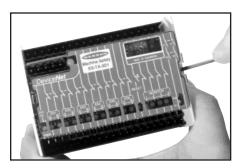


Figure 11. Remove the module cover.

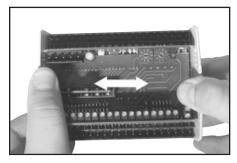


Figure 12. Gently push the sides of the module outward

its boards. See the chart below for the proper replacements and the installation instructions that follow.

Removing the Circuit Boards

1) Remove the three wiring barriers (leaving the wires connected to them, if possible) by gently prying each barrier up and off, using a flat-blade screwdriver (Figure 10).

| Replacement Circuit Boards | Model No. | Part No. |
|--|-----------|----------|
| Replacement power supply and relay board | ESD-PST-1 | 54991 |
| Replacement communication board with DeviceNet | ESD-AB-1D | 54992 |
| Replacement interconnection board | ESD-IB-1 | 54993 |
| Replacement Reset Mode Selector | ESD-JB-1 | 54994 |

- Remove the module cover by placing the blade of a small flat-blade screwdriver in the slot located at either end of the cover, and gently prying the cover open (Figure 11). The cover is not hinged; it will come completely off.
- 3) Gently push the sides of the module housing outward (at the top corners) to dislodge the four locking tabs (on the two circuit boards) from the slots on the sides of the housing (Figure 12). Pull the assembly of the three circuit boards straight out of the module housing.
- 4) Disconnect the circuit boards from one another (Figure 15).

Installing the Replacement Circuit Boards

- 1) The boards install in reverse order: first connect all three circuit boards together.
- 2) Align the board edges with the slots on the module walls (use the slots which are closest to the vented module walls). Slide the three-board assembly into the module. Apply pressure on the top edge of the boards until the locking tabs on the boards engage the slots on the housing. Squeeze the sides of the housing to fully engage the tabs into their slots (Figure 13).
- 3) Replace the module cover by positioning the windows of the cover over the LEDs of the two circuit boards and engaging one of the locking tabs on the cover with the mating slot on the module side wall. Push down the opposite end of the cover until its locking tab aligns with its slot. Squeeze the sides of the housing to fully engage the tabs into their slots.
- 4) Remount the module and replace the wiring barriers by pushing them down into their receptacles. Take care to match the terminal labels on the wiring barriers with the terminal labels on the board headers.

If it ever becomes necessary to return an ES-TA-3D1 to the factory, please do the following:

- Contact the Banner Factory Application Engineering Group at the address or at the numbers listed at the bottom of page 20. They will attempt to troubleshoot the system from your description of the problem. If they conclude that a component is defective, they will issue an RMA (Return Merchandise Authorization) number for your paperwork, and give you the proper shipping address.
- 2) Pack the ES-TA-3D1 carefully. Damage which occurs in return shipping is not covered by warranty.

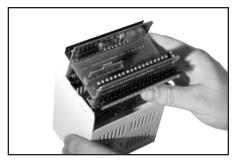


Figure 13. Pull the three-circuit board assembly from the housing.

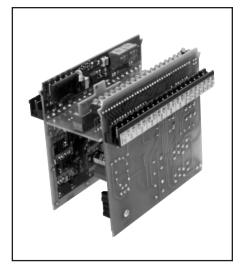


Figure 14. Three-circuit board assembly.

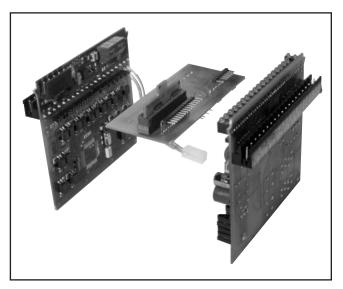


Figure 15. Disconnect the circuit boards from one another.





WARNING . . . For Information Monitoring Only

DeviceNet™ information must be used for non-safety monitoring purposes, only. NEVER use the DeviceNet™ data to control a safety-related function. To do so creates an unsafe condition which could lead to serious injury or death.

SECTION 8 - DeviceNet

8.1 Information Communicated to DeviceNet

Module Status OK (GO)

Power-Up Stop Condition

Fault

E-Stop Inputs Status All Closed

E-Stop X Open (Where X is 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6. Only one open

input is reported at a time.)

Fault (Input number and status of both circuits for that input,

i.e. 1A Open, 1B short)

Monitor Inputs Status All Closed

Monitor X Open (Where X is 1, 2, 3, or 4. Only one open

input is reported at a time.)

Reset Mode Auto Reset or Manual Reset*

Reset Input Status Open, Closed or Disabled (Reset Input is disabled in Auto

Reset mode)

Output Relay Status K1 Energized or De-energized

K2 Energized or De-energized

Diagnostic Information Fault Type

Troubleshooting Suggestions

Autobaud ON* or OFF

8.2 DeviceNet Specifications

| Power Requirements | 11 to 25V dc; 80 mA (supplied by DeviceNet network) | | | | |
|----------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|
| | A bi-colored (red/green) LED visible on the control module indicates network status: | | | | |
| | Green | Steady Flashing | On line, connected/allocated to master On line, not connected/allocated to master; if Autobaud is ON, address and baud rate ok | | |
| Bus Status Indicator | Red | Steady Flashing | Critical network fault or duplicate node address detected Connection timeout or no power to light screen | | |
| | Green/Red | OFF | No network power or off line | | |
| | Green/Red/OFF | Flashing Sequentially | Autobaud detecting network baud rate | | |
| Vendor Code | 12 (Banner Engineering Corp.) | | | | |
| Device Type | 131 (Safety Relay Module) | | | | |
| Connection Types Supported | Explicit Message, Poll, COS (Change of State) | | | | |
| Product Code | 1 (6-Input E-stop Relay) | | | | |
| Network Address | 0-63 (Manual switches or Network configured) | | | | |
| Baud Rate Supported | Autobaud or Network configured (125K, 250K, 500K) Factory setting is Autobaud ON. | | | | |
| EDS File Part Number | 52243 | NOTE: EDS and Bitmap files on 3.5" floppy disk supplied with | | | |
| EDS File Name | 131_1_1.eds | controller (part number 52243). For custom EDS files or Bitm files contact Banner Applications Department | | | |
| Bit Map Icon File Name | 131.bmp | | | | |

^{*} Factory setting

8.3 POLL & COS I/O Assembly Instances

Device I/O assemblies consist of:

- Poll: One product specific input assembly containing operating mode, status of E-stop inputs, status of Monitor inputs, status of Reset Mode, status of Reset input, status of output relays (K1 and K2), autobaud setting and Fault type.
- COS: One product specific input assembly containing the operating mode only.

8.4 I/O Assemblies Data Attribute Format

Assembly instance 1 is used as the response data for the **Poll** command. Produced connection size of 4 bytes. Consumed connection size of 0 bytes.

| Byte | Bit 7 | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 |
|------|--------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| 0 | 0 E-stop Inputs | | | Ор | erating Mo | de | | |
| 1 | Reset Mode Invalid | Reset Mode | Reset Input Invalid | Reset Input | K1 Relay Invalid | K1 Relay State | K2 Relay Invalid | K2 Relay State |
| 2 | Reserved | Autobaud | Reserved | Monitor Input Invalid | Monitor Input 4 | Monitor Input 3 | Monitor Input 2 | Monitor Input 1 |
| 3 | Reserved | Reserved | Reserved | | | Fault Type | | |

Assembly instance 2 is used as the response data for the **COS** command. A COS command is issued in response to a change in the E-stop relay operating mode. Produced connection size of 1 byte. Consumed connection size of 0 bytes.

| Byte | Bit 7 | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 |
|------|-------|-------|-------------|-------|-------|-------|------------|-------|
| 0 | | E | -stop Input | S | | Ор | erating Mo | de |

E-Stop Inputs

- 0: All E-Stops are closed.
- 1: E-Stop 1 is open.
- 2: E-Stop 2 is open.
- 3: E-Stop 3 is open.
- 4: E-Stop 4 is open.
- 5: E-Stop 5 is open.
- 6: E-Stop 6 is open.
- 7: E-Stop 1A is open, 1B is short.
- 8: E-Stop 1A is short, 1B is open.
- 9: E-Stop 2A is open, 1B is short.
- 10: E-Stop 2A is short, 1B is open.
- 11: E-Stop 3A is open, 1B is short.
- 12: E-Stop 3A is short, 1B is open.
- 13: E-Stop 4A is open, 1B is short.
- 14: E-Stop 4A is short, 1B is open.
- 15: E-Stop 5A is open, 1B is short.
- 16: E-Stop 5A is short, 1B is open.
- 17: E-Stop 6A is open, 1B is short.
- 18: E-Stop 6A is short, 1B is open.
- 19: E-Stop status is unknown.

Operating Mode

- 0: Power-Up
- 1: OK (Go)
- 2: Stop Condition
- 3: Fault
- 4: Operating mode is unknown.

Reset Mode Invalid

- 0: The reset mode is known.
- 1: The reset mode is unknown.

Reset Mode

- 0: The reset mode is manual.
- 1: The reset mode is automatic.

Reset Input Invalid

- 0: The status of the reset input is known.
- 1: The status of the reset input is unknown/disabled.

Reset Input

- 0: The reset input is open.
- 1: The reset input is closed.

K1 Relay Invalid

- 0: The state of the K1 relay is known.
- 1: The state of the K1 relay is unknown.

K1 Relay State

- 0: The K1 relay is OFF.
- 1: The K1 relay is ON.

K2 Relay Invalid

- 0: The state of the K2 relay is known.
- 1: The state of the K2 relay is unknown.

K2 Relay State

- 0: The K1 relay is OFF.
- 1: The K1 relay is ON.

Autobaud

- 0: Autobaud is OFF.

1: Autobaud is ON. Monitor Input Invalid

- 0: The Monitor input status is known.
- 1: The Monitor input status is unknown.

Monitor Input 1

- 0: Monitor input 1 is open.
- 1: Monitor input 1 is closed.

Monitor Input 2

- 0: Monitor input 2 is open.
- 1: Monitor input 2 is closed.

Monitor Input 3

- 0: Monitor input 3 is open.
- 1: Monitor input 3 is closed.

Monitor Input 4

- 0: Monitor input 4 is open.
- 1: Monitor input 4 is closed.

Fault Type

- 0: No Fault
- 1: E-Stop 1 Fault

- 2: E-Stop 2 Fault
- 3: E-Stop 3 Fault
- 4: E-Stop 4 Fault
- 5: E-Stop 5 Fault
- 6: E-Stop 6 Fault
- 7: Reset Input Fault
- 8: Monitor 1 Fault
- 9: Monitor 2 Fault
- 10: Reserved
- 11: Monitor 3 Fault
- 12: Reserved
- 13: Reserved
- 14: Reserved
- 15: Monitor 4 Fault
- 16: Reserved
- 17: Reserved
- 18: Reserved
- 19: Reserved
- 20: Reserved
- 21: Reserved
- 22: Reserved
- 23: Output Fault
- 24: Power Fault
- 25: Auto Reset Fault
- 26: The Fault type is unknown

8.5 Additional Information Available through Explicit Messaging

Autobaud Setting:

1 byte message, 0 = OFF, 1 = ON. See EDS file for path information. Factory setting is ON.

Diagnostic Information:

See EDS file for details regarding Fault Type and Troubleshooting suggestion information.



SECTION 9 – Product Specifications

| Supply Voltage and Current | 24V dc ±15% at 450mA maximum; 10% maximum ripple | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Supply Protection Circuitry | Protected against transient voltages and reverse polarity | | | | |
| Output Configuration | Outputs (K1 and K2): two redundant (i. e. total of four) safety relay (forced-guided) contacts Contact ratings: Maximum voltage: 250V ac or 250V dc Maximum current: 4A ac or dc (resistive load) Maximum power: 1000VA, 20 watts Mechanical life: 10,000,000 operations Electrical life: 100,000 at full resistive load NOTE: Transient suppression is recommended when switching inductive loads. Install suppressors across load. Never install suppressors across output contacts (see Warning on page 5). | | | | |
| Output Response Time | 25 milliseconds maximum | | | | |
| Input Requirements | Emergency stop switch must have two normally closed contacts each capable of switching 20 to 150mA @ 12 to 18V dc. Reset switch must have one normally open contact capable of switching 20 to 150mA @ 12 to 18V dc. Master Stop Control (MSC) Element monitor contacts must be capable of switching 20 to 250 mA @ 12 to 18V dc | | | | |
| Status Indicators | 20 green LED indicators: Power ON ES1-A ES2-B ES4-A ES5-B Monitor-1 Monitor-4 K1 energized ES1-B ES3-A ES4-B ES6-A Monitor-2 Reset K2 energized ES2-A ES3-B ES5-A ES6-B Monitor-3 1 Bi-color red/green LED indicator for Bus Status 1 Amber LED Indicator for MAC ID | | | | |
| Enclosure | Size: See Figure 2, page 5 Material: polycarbonate. Rated NEMA 1, IEC IP20 | | | | |
| Mounting | Mounts to standard 35 mm DIN rail track. Safety relay must be installed inside an enclosure rated NEMA 3, IEC IP54, or better. | | | | |
| Vibration Resistance | 10 to 55Hz @ .35mm displacement per IEC 68-2-6 | | | | |
| Operating Temperature | 0 to 50°C (32 to 122°F) | | | | |
| Dimensions | See diagram, page 10 | | | | |

| Replacement Circuit Boards | | |
|--|-----------|----------|
| Description | Model No. | Part No. |
| Replacement power supply and relay board | ESD-PST-1 | 54991 |
| Replacement communication board with DeviceNet | ESD-AB-1D | 54992 |
| Replacement interconnection board | ESD-IB-1 | 54993 |
| Replacement Reset Mode Selector | ESD-JB-1 | 54994 |



WARRANTY: Banner Engineering Corporation warrants its products to be free from defects for one year. Banner Engineering Corporation will repair or replace, free of charge, any product of its manufacture found to be defective at the time it is returned to the factory during the warranty period. This warranty does not cover damage or liability for the improper application of Banner products. This warranty is in lieu of any other warranty either expressed or implied.